Financial Transparency Coalition

The Financial Transparency Coalition (FTC) is a global network of civil society, governments, and experts. We work to curtail illicit financial flows through the promotion of a transparent, accountable, and sustainable financial system that works for everyone.



FTC Issue Areas

- Country by country reporting
- Beneficial ownership
- Automatic exchange of information
- International institutional architecture
- Open data
- Enablers of illicit financial flows



Country by Country Reporting

The Problem

- Multinational corporations (MNCs) are able to exploit loopholes in domestic and international tax laws to shift profits from one country to the next, often through tax havens (or "secrecy jurisdictions").
- The global numbers they provide are for the operations of all of their subsidiaries bundled together.



Country by Country Reporting

The Solution

- MNCs should be required to submit individual reports with basic financial information for each jurisdiction in which they operate. These country-bycountry reports should be made available to the public.
- Public country-by-country reporting strengthens the financial system for everyone.



Beneficial Ownership

The Problem

- Anonymous companies are used to disguise the identity of their true owner—the person (or people) who ultimately control or profit from the company, the "beneficial owners."
- Hidden company ownership is a big contributor to the nearly \$1 trillion that leaves countries in the Global South illicitly every year.



Beneficial Ownership

The Solution

- Countries should collect beneficial ownership information on companies registered within their borders, and make this information publicly available in central registers.
- Beneficial ownership registries live in Ukraine, in the works in the UK, Denmark, Argentina, and elsewhere.



Automatic Exchange of Information

The Problem

- Tens of trillions of dollars are held offshore, and much of this money goes untaxed and unaccounted for.
- About 33 percent of all assets of the Middle East and Africa are held offshore; for Latin America, it's about 25 percent. Globally, that number drops to 6 percent.



Automatic Exchange of Information

The Solution

- Government authorities need access to information in order to know the scope of assets held offshore.
- G20 countries and the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) have drafted a Common Reporting Standard (CRS) to serve as a foundation for a global network of automatic exchange.
- Lower Income countries should have larger say in the exchange system.



International Institutional Architecture

- Who makes the rules of global finance?
- Global South countries are often left out of the standard setting and decision-making forums.
- We need a UN intergovernmental tax body.
 - Women's Working Group on FfD



Open Data

 Make relevant information published by governments or companies open to the public.

Enablers of illicit financial flows

 We need to hold the actual people that facilitate the dirty deals and enable money launderers and tax evaders to hide their money accountable.

